

Open Economies & ScaleHubs THE NEXT WAVE OF INNOVATION

Asia Pacific in Numbers: 2024 - 2025

Rank	Country	GDP (millions of USD)
1	China	17,700,899
2	Japan	4,230,862
3	India	3,732,224
4	South Korea	1,709,232
5	Australia	1,687,713
6	Indonesia	1,417,387
7	Taiwan	751,930
8	Thailand	512,193
9	Singapore	497,347
10	Bangladesh	446,349

What The Next 5 Years Look Like

GDP is determined by summing up: -Consumption (expenditure by consumers, their PPP),

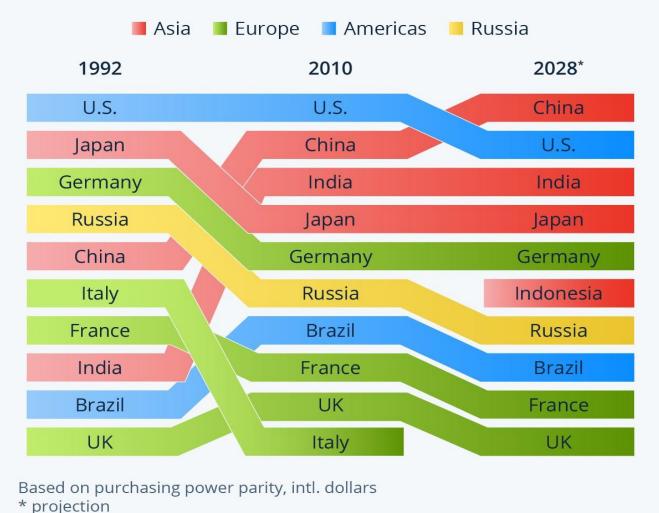
- Government expenditure, investment (expenditure by infrastructure),

- and net exports (the difference between exports and imports).

Continental Shift: The World's Biggest Economies Over Time

Countries with the highest GDP on Earth in 1992, 2010 and 2028

Source: IMF





ASEAN + 3: This Year is a Growth Story. 2025 ???

	Gross Domestic Product (Percent year-on-year)				
Economy	2022e	2023 Quarterly Update (July 2023)		2023 Quarterly Update (October 2023)	
		2023 ^e	2024 ^f	2023 ^e	2024 ^f
ASEAN+3	3.2	4.6	4.5	4.3	4.5
Plus-3	2.6	4.6	4.3	4.3	4.4
China	3.0	5.5	5.2	5.0	5.3
Hong Kong, China	-3.5	5.2	3.0	4.7	3.3
Japan	1.0	1.4	1.1	1.9	1.1
Korea	2.6	1.4	2.3	1.3	2.4
ASEAN	5.6	4.5	5.1	4.4	5.0
Brunei Darussalam	-1.6	1.0	2.2	1.1	2.0
Cambodia	5.2	5.7	6.2	5.3	6.2
Indonesia	5.3	5.0	5.3	5.0	5.2
Lao PDR	4.4	4.8	5.0	4.8	5.0
Malaysia	8.7	4.2	5.2	4.2	5.2
Myanmar	1.2	2.2	2.8	2.2	2.8
Philippines	7.6	6.2	6.5	5.9	6.5
Singapore	3.6	1.3	2.9	1.0	2.9
Thailand	2.6	3.9	4.0	3.5	3.9
Vietnam	8.0	4.4	6.4	4.7	6.0

Revised upwards from July

Revised downwards from July

Maintained from July

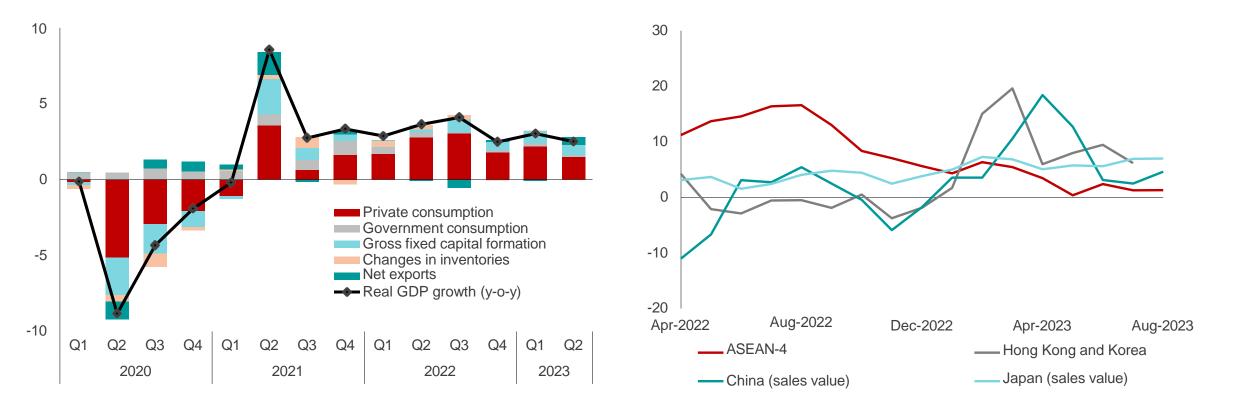
Domestic demand and FSI remain the main engine of growth

Firm household spending was underpinned by strong employment conditions and improving household income

Selected ASEAN+3: Contribution to Real GDP Growth (Percent, year-on-year)

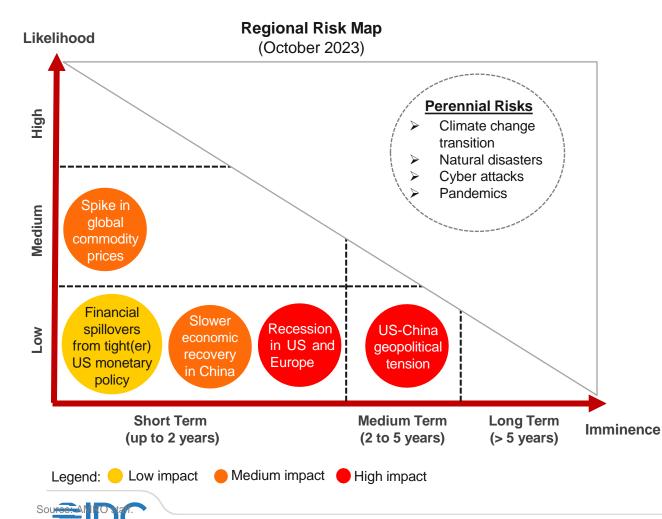
Retail sales has also been bolstered by the robust recovery in travel and tourism

Selected ASEAN+3: Retail Sales Volume (Percent, year-on-year)



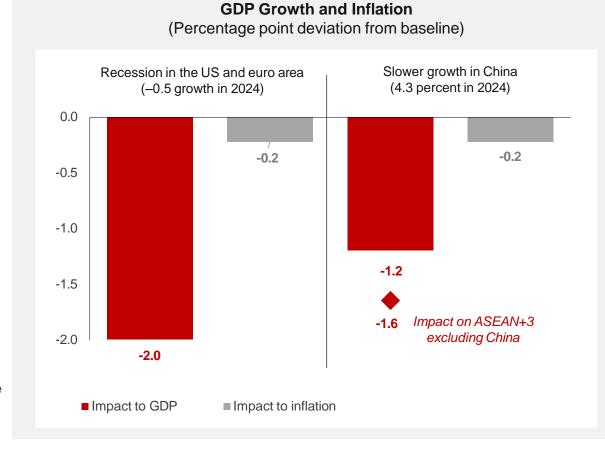
But, some risks could impact the 2024–25 baseline forecasts

Slower growth in major trading partners and spike in commodity prices could impact growth and inflation



GDP for ASEAN+3 could dip below 3 percent—lowest in two decades outside pandemic slowdown—if major adverse risks materialize

ASEAN+3: Impact of Selected Adverse Scenarios on 2024



SOCIO-POLITICAL AND OTHER FACTORS



Inflation

- Dramatically High Costs
- Trickling Revenues
- Increasing credit defaults

Different Competition

- "One-Trick-Pony" FinTech's
- Alternative Financing / Insuring
- Industry Consolidation



Unpredictable Risk

- Climate Change
- Geo-political / War Risks
- Pandemic risks



G.R.C

- Stepped up enforcement
- "Everything" under scrutiny
- New regulations (e.g. ESG, Cloud)



Business Threats

- Multiple Cyber attacks
- Internal Financial Crimes
- CXO Level Corporate "Issues"

Erratic Customer Behavior

- 15-30 Second Attention
- Extremely Aware of Social Impact
- High Benchmarks Set By A.A.M.M



DIGITAL TRANSFORMERS

Priority: Innovative ideation

Design concepts, fast-learning, converged workforce, real-time actionable data, experiential engagement

TECHNOLOGY OPTIMIZERS

Priority: Modernization & localization

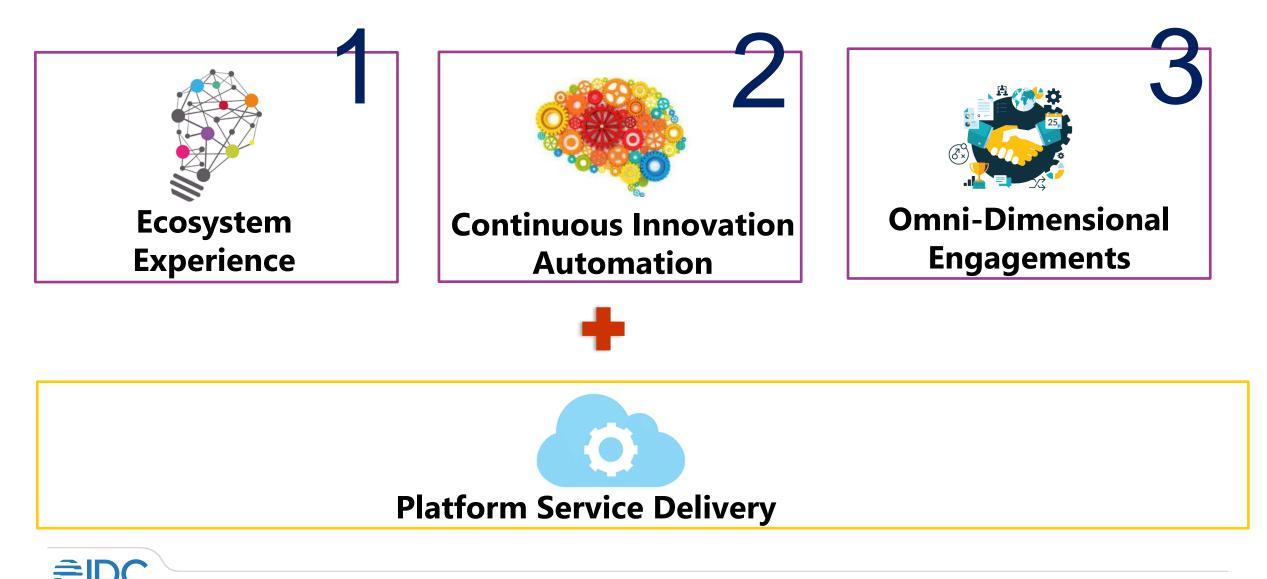
Cost optimization, process automation

DIGITAL DISRUPTORS

Priority: Market creation

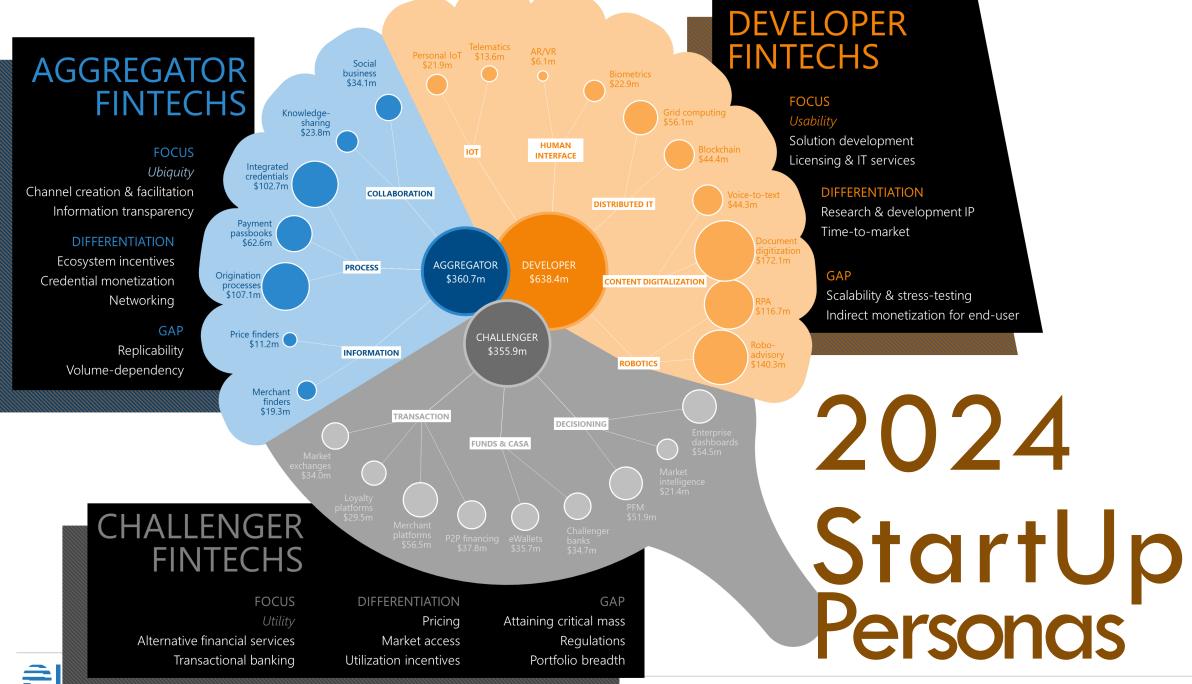
Big-bang pilots, technology-first business propositions, domain-centric 3rd Platform investments

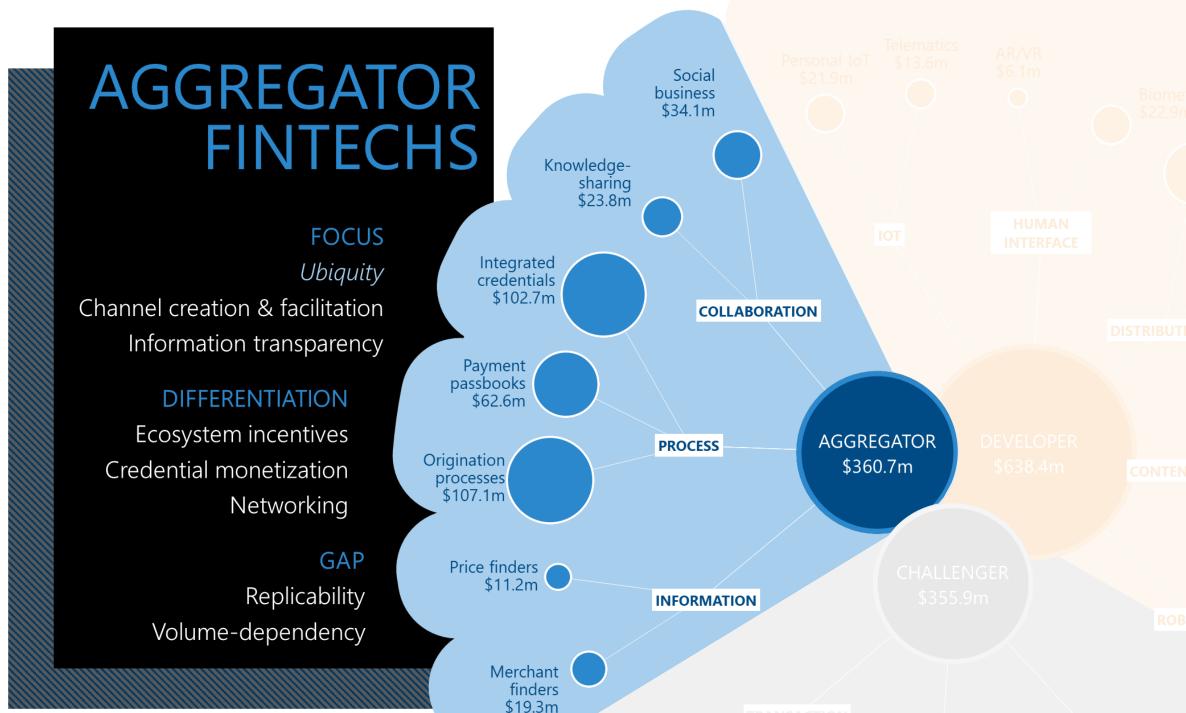
ASEAN, Defining the Digital Roadmap Ahead

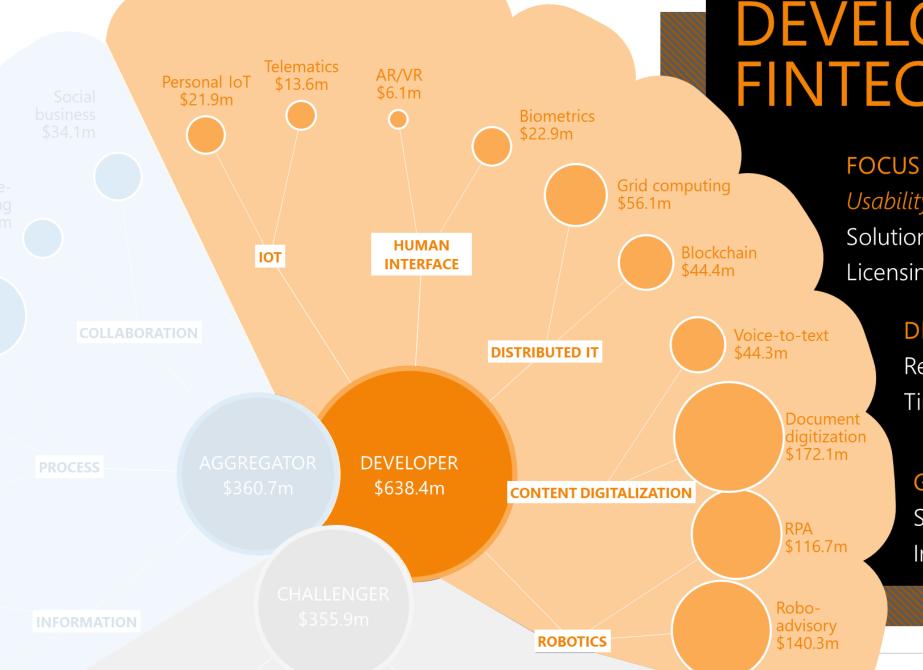


Workforce Experience is Key to ASEAN's Continued Growth









DEVELOPER FINTECHS

Usability

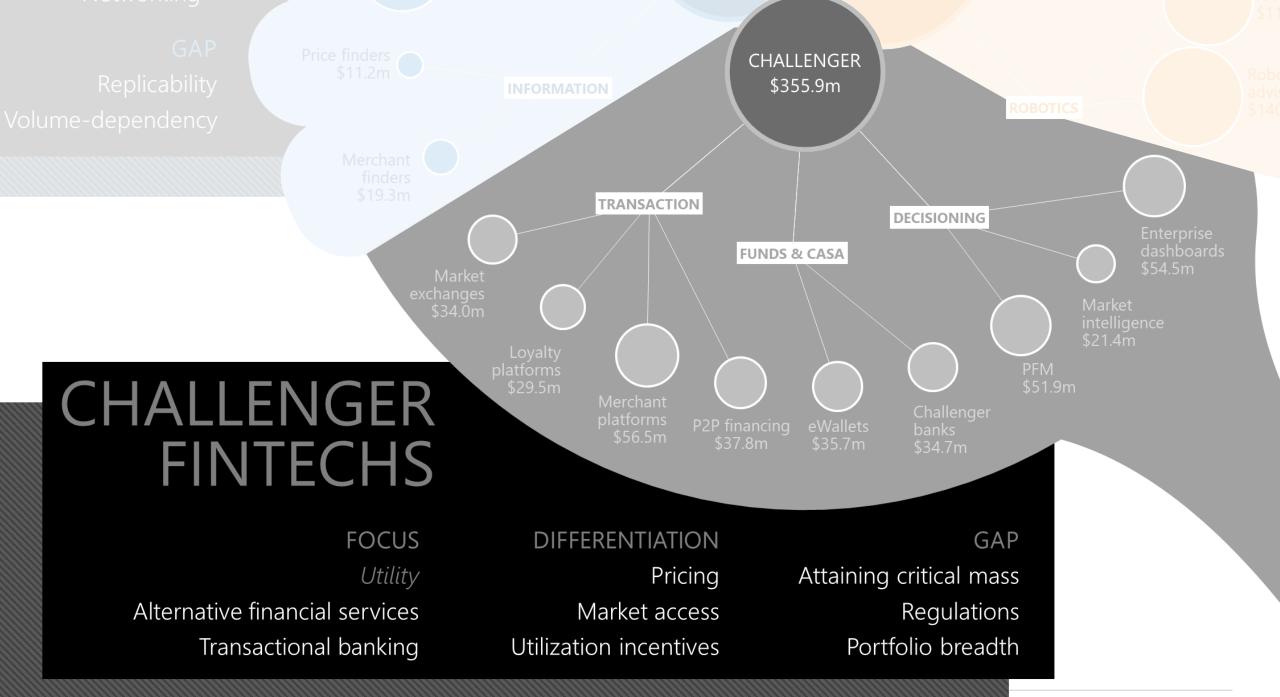
Solution development Licensing & IT services

DIFFERENTIATION

Research & development IP Time-to-market

GAP

Scalability & stress-testing Indirect monetization for end-user







ORGANIZATIONAL IMPACT

PROJECT TENURE







THANK YOU! AND, SEE YOU AT THE FINANCIAL INCLUSION SUMMIT, IN NOVEMBER!

€IDC





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